## A numerical study of Mie scattering and light propagation through scattering media using Monte Carlo simulations

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## Introduction

- Mie scattering governs certain types of scatters with certain sizes/arrangements of particles
- Scatterers include atmospheric gases and mitochondria
- Limited simulation capacity





## **Project Goals**

- Goals
  - Efficient, versatile 3D network scattering simulations
  - –Inputs: particle arrangement, radius, size parameter\*
  - -Outputs: different measurements of the light scattering distribution



# Timeline

- Original Timeframe

   October: 2D single scatter
   November: 3D single scatter
   December: 3D network scatter
- Actual timeframe and goals deviated significantly

# Code Overview

#### Inputs:

- Refractive index
- · Size parameter
- Size of the x, y, and z ranges
- Number of divisions for x, y, z axes
- Precision parameters
- Number of photons

#### Outputs:

- Distribution of scatter locations
- · Heatmap over time
- · Mean scatter length



## **Code Structure**





### Code Structure, cont.



## What we accomplished

- Adjust primarily 2-dimensional code to 3 dimensions
- Create efficient simulations of random particle networks
- Host the ongoing code on a GitHub repository



# What went well? What could we have done differently?

- Setting up 2-dimensional code was straightforward and required few modifications
- Implementing and optimizing a 3-dimensional version was much more difficult



# Code Packaging: GitHub Repository

- Document the code
- Define clear inputs and outputs
- Mention the current shortcomings of the code in a readme file
- Show the room for improvement so that future users could improve the code or tailor it to their specific needs

